

IMPORTANT – for a luminaire not connected with a central unit (wireless network) it means only no connection between the luminaire and the central unit. The luminaire can be still working correctly, performing planned tests and signalling their results on signal LEDs, assuring safety of a building, but tests' results are not being transferred to a central unit.

**CB central battery version**

Note – CB version can be equipped in a test button, however it is in this case inactive. The button pressing will not cause any luminaire's reaction.

CB version is being monitored directly by a central battery system controller, in a way depending on such system's possibilities and settings.

**FAULTY OPERATION AND ITS POSSIBLE DIAGNOSIS**

**LED indicator does not light up**

AC power failure.

**LED indicator is red, the luminaire does not operate (MT version, e.g. in SA / M mode)**

Battery pack is damaged or disconnected.

**The luminaire does not operate in emergency mode the required time for a selected model**

It is possible that the battery requires a full charge cycle (24h). If after 24 hours of charging the luminaire still does not keep a predefined autonomy, it is possible that the battery is run-down or damaged, e.g. due to possible incorrect formatting and needs to be replaced.

**Red LED indicator lights up or blinks**

The luminaire performs testing or damage of any part of the luminaire possible. Please, refer to the "TESTING" section.

**RECOMMENDED PERIODICAL MAINTENANCE**

The luminaire should be tested on regular basis in accordance with valid laws and regulations. The results of the tests should be recorded and stored for the use of a fire safety inspector.

**One time daily**

It is suggested to check visually if the LED indicator in the luminaire lights up in green.

**One time each month**

It is necessary to perform a function test by disconnecting the AC power supply and checking whether the luminaire is operating in emergency mode - the green LED indicator should turn off, and LED light source light up.

**One time each year**

In order to make an autonomy test, disconnect the AC power supply and test if the luminaire operates in emergency mode for a specified time. If the autonomy time of emergency operation is not sufficient, the battery needs to be fully recharged and the test is to be carried out again. If the result of the test continues to be negative, the battery needs to be replaced.

**CAUTION!**

All damage that might occur as an effect of the device being used not in accordance to this instruction will result in loss of guarantee.

Used or damaged lamps including batteries, are subject to be recycled. They should be delivered to the point of collection of electrical and battery waste or to the manufacturer.

**Handling of obsolete equipment**



Pursuant to the Act of 29 July 2005 on waste electrical and electronic equipment and the Act of 24 April 2009 on batteries and accumulators, the presented device, after use, due to hazardous substances contained in it, is subject to collection of waste electrical and electronic equipment. Detailed information on WEEE collection can be obtained from municipal authorities.

**intelight**  
Intelight Sp. z o.o.  
19, Gwiaździsta str.  
01-651 Warsaw, Poland



**SUPREMA LED EMERGENCY LUMINAIRE**

Installation and maintenance instructions



Version:  
SUPREMA LED

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS:	
Light source (replaceable):	White LED
Operating modes*:	SA (M) – mains and emergency operation or A (NM) – emergency operation
Test versions*:	AT – auto test or CT – central test
Emergency autonomy*:	1h, 2h or 3h
Battery (replaceable):	LiFePO4 6.4V 600mAh ÷ 4500mAh
Battery charging duration:	24h
Power supply*:	AT and CT: 220-240V AC 50Hz lub CB (central battery): 220V AC/DC
Max. power*:	3W ÷ 10W
Module:	Suprema
Luminous flux*:	min. 150lm ÷ min. 650lm
Visibility:	30 metres
Enclosure IP rating*:	IP44 or IP54
Ambient temperature:	10°C ÷ 55°C

\*- depending on model



**INTRODUCTION**

1. The lamp should be installed when power supply is off. Safety rules, construction and electrical installation standards should be followed all the time.
2. The luminaire should not be powered with circuits connected to inductive power-receiving devices at the same time. This type of solution may cause damage to the electronic module of the luminaire.
3. The luminaire should be used indoors.

**INSTALLATION**

1. Before installation one has to make sure that the luminaire will be connected to 220-240VAC power supply by the use of minimum a 1,5mm<sup>2</sup> wire.
2. Using an installation template printed on a packaging, one need to prepare holes and plugs that will be used for a luminaire's base fixing to a ceiling, as well as assure that a power cable can pass through by a chosen cable entry.

3. In order to install the luminaire on a ceiling, one need first to open the housing by pressing on two latches on its ends (see: page 3, part I), then to conduct the power cable through one of two cable entries available (see: page 3, part II / part III), then to fix the housing base / mounting plate to a ceiling by means of screws (see: page 3, part IV).
4. Connect all the wires of a prepared power cable to the appropriate terminal block entries (see: page 3, part V).
5. The description of luminaire's terminals:  
**L** - phase wire - brown or black insulation colour; power source for battery charging, presence signalled by signal LED lighting up in green;  
**L1** – a terminal to be optionally used for a wall switch connection, enabling to switch a luminaire off during M mode operation, if no switch is used the terminal L1 should be connected to a phase wire in parallel with the L terminal;  
**N** - neutral wire - blue insulation colour.
6. **Luminaire designed for EMERGENCY operation (A, NM).** To wire a luminaire designed for a Non-Maintained operation, AC mains power has to be connected to appropriate terminals: **L** (phase) and **N** (neutral). The luminaire should be constantly supplied by power - voltage drop on **L** will result in emergency mode activation.
7. **Luminaire designed for MAINS AND EMERGENCY operation (SA, M).** To wire a luminaire designed for a Maintained operation, AC mains supply needs to be connected to appropriate terminals: **L** (phase), **N** (neutral) and **L1** (wall switch wire). **L1** terminal can be optionally connected through a wall switch, enabling switching the luminaire off for a time (the luminaire stays ready for an emergency operation). The luminaire should be constantly AC supplied, phase loss on **L** will cause automatic activation of the emergency mode.
8. Before connecting the luminaire to the mains network, insert the white battery plug into the socket on the PCB.
9. Please remember to indicate the date of installation on the label attached to the battery pack.
10. In order to finish the installation, one need to click the luminaire's body in to the base / mounting plate (see: page 4, part VI).
11. If a directional luminaire is being installed, additionally one need to attach desired pictograms on a light guide plate, then to click it with its frame into the luminaire's base.
12. For versions being installed in a recessed ceiling, one need first to make a hole in the ceiling using the attached template (see: page 4, part VII/1), printed on packaging. Installation is being done by means of dedicated springs mounted at ends of a housing's body (see: page 4, part VII/2-5).
13. For quick operation testing – switch on the AC power supply. The green LED indicator should light up, signaling the mains connection and battery charging. After battery is charged, the LED indicator should still light up in green, what means readiness for emergency operation. By pressing the test button, one can check if the luminaire enters the emergency operation when the power supply is off. The way how to press the test button and how to read the luminaire's behaviour depends on its version. You can find detailed information in the "TESTING" section.
14. First-time charge of the luminaire battery pack should be carried out continuously for 48 hours. This will allow appropriate formatting of the battery pack. During the first-time charge, no testing should be carried out and power supply should not be disconnected for any other purpose. Power supply should be disconnected after 48 hours for the first time. The luminaire should complete a full emergency operation cycle, after which it should be connected to power supply for another 36 hours. This sequence shall complete the formatting cycle.

**OPERATION**

**Emergency operation mode**

In this mode (A, NM) the luminaire does not light when powered by AC supply voltage. Correct operation of the device is confirmed by LED indicator lighting up in green. The battery is being continuously trickle charged for the purpose of a possible emergency operation. When AC power supply is off (no voltage on L), the luminaire automatically starts operating in emergency mode and the source of light is activated for the period specific for a particular model. During emergency operation, the LED indicator is off.

**Mains and emergency operation mode**

In this mode (SA, M) the luminaire lights up when powered by AC supply voltage. Correct operation of the device is also confirmed by LED indicator lighting up in green. The battery is being continuously trickle charged for the purpose of possible emergency operation. When AC power supply is off (no voltage on L), the luminaire automatically starts operating in emergency mode and the source of light is activated for the period specific for a particular model. During emergency operation, the LED indicator is off.

**Information on lamp operation**

The luminaire operates correctly and charging circuit works if the LED indicator lights up in green. If the indicator does not light up, the lamp is not operating with AC power supply on or any luminaire's element (e.g. the battery) has been damaged. See more info about signalling in "TESTING" section.

**Battery pack**

The luminaire is equipped with a rechargeable lithium-iron-phosphate LiFePO4 battery pack. Please remember to carry out the correct first-time charge cycle (see "INSTALLATION", p.14). After such a formatting cycle it achieves its capacity and is prepared to perform a possible full time emergency operation. It is suggested to discharge and then to re-charge the battery every three months, even if it hasn't been used, in order to extend its performance. It is recommended to replace the battery once every four years of operation or in a case of poor test results. Obsolete batteries, similarly to packaging, fluorescent lamps or electronics, are recyclable products that should be disposed to a recyclable waste collection point.

SUPREMA LED luminaire can be delivered with an auto AT or central CT test versions (a manual test version MT is not in being offered). It is equipped with a test button that can be optionally used for manual tests' initiations. It enables to check the readiness for emergency operation at any time, apart from planned tests. NOTE! – if such an optional test is finished less than 24h before any planned test, the planned test will be delayed in order to achieve full 24h battery charging time. The delay will be applied also in a case of mains failure and its restoration at the moment that is closer than 24h before such a planned test.

**AT auto test function**

If a luminaire version has an auto test functionality, the TEST button is being used to initiate and break either function or autonomy tests. When the luminaire is connected to mains network and there is no voltage drop, pressing and holding the test button, depending on time of pressing, will result in activation of any of the two. Pressing the button for more than 2s and not longer than 5s (2s<t<5s) initiate the function test, for more than 10s and not longer than 15s (10s<t<15s) – initiate the autonomy test. For a convenient counting of seconds – when a test button is pressed and hold – after every second the luminaire confirms the passing time by a quick flash of a red indication LED. When the luminaire is during any (manually initiated) test procedure, pressing the button for a time longer than 10s (t>10s) – breaks any currently running test.

In a standard luminaire's operation, both functional and autonomy tests are being initialised automatically, function test every 28 days and autonomy test every 336 days. There is no possibility to break any automatically planned test. There is also no possibility to erase any test results, this means that any signalled failures will be cancelled only after making the luminaire repaired.

IMPORTANT – in a case of a power failure happening while a test is being performed, the luminaire breaks it, then starts emergency operation. After the emergency operation is finished and after a power return the luminaire won't signal any test's results (only green LED will be on, as in a basic state). The interrupted planned test (if the power failure was shorter than 7 days) shall be repeated after min. 24h after the power return. The test initiated manually won't be repeated.

All the possible luminaire working states and LED indications are gathered in the table below.

LUMINAIRE WORKING STATE OR ACTION	GREEN LED INDICATION	RED LED INDICATION	COMMENTS
<b>BASIC STATES</b>			
MAINS SUPPLY ON, BATTERY BEING CHARGED	ON	OFF	
MAINS SUPPLY FAILURE, EMERGENCY OPERATION	OFF	OFF	
<b>FUNCTIONAL TEST STATES</b>			
FUNCTIONAL TEST - PART 1 (LIGHT SOURCE AND ELECTRONICS)	OFF	FLASHING (1/T2)	DURATION: 60s
FUNCTIONAL TEST - PART 2 (CHARGING CIRCUIT)	ON	FLASHING (2/T)	DURATION: 10s
CHARGING, ELECTRONIC CIRCUIT, LIGHT SOURCE OR BATTERY FAILURE	ON	ON	
LUMINAIRE (ELECTRONICS, BATTERY, LIGHT SOURCE) – OK	ON	OFF	
<b>AUTONOMY TEST STATES</b>			
AUTONOMY TEST - PART 1 (LIGHT, ELECTRONICS, AUTONOMY)	OFF	FLASHING (2/T2)	DURATION: 1h, 2h, 3h, 8h(*)
AUTONOMY TEST - PART 2 (CHARGING CIRCUIT)	ON	FLASHING (2/T)	DURATION: 10s
CHARGING, ELECTRONICS, LIGHT SOURCE, BATTERY OR AUTONOMY FAILURE	ON	ON	
LUMINAIRE (ELECTRONICS, BATTERY, AUTONOMY, LIGHT SOURCE) – OK	ON	OFF	
<b>MANUAL TEST BUTTON FUNCTIONS</b>			
INITIATION OF A FUNCTIONAL TEST – PRESSING A BUTTON FOR A 2s<t<5s	ON	FLASHING (1/T)	FLASHING ENABLES TIME (t) COUNTING
INITIATION OF AN AUTONOMY TEST – PRESSING A BUTTON FOR A 10s<t<15s	ON	FLASHING (1/T)	
BREAKING OF ANY TEST (**) – PRESSING A BUTTON FOR A t>10s	FLASHING (5/T)	FLASHING (***)	

T – 1s period; T2 – 10s period; t – time of pressing the test button

FLASHING: (1/T) / (2/T) / (5/T) – 1 flash / 2 flashes / 5 flashes every 1s period

FLASHING: (1/T2) / (2/T2) – 1 flash / 2 flashes every 10s period

(\*): test duration is same as an autonomy time declared for a given luminaire

(\*\*): automatic normative tests cannot be interrupted, it concerns solely manual tests

(\*\*\*): signalling depends on a test being executed at the moment, as in a given test

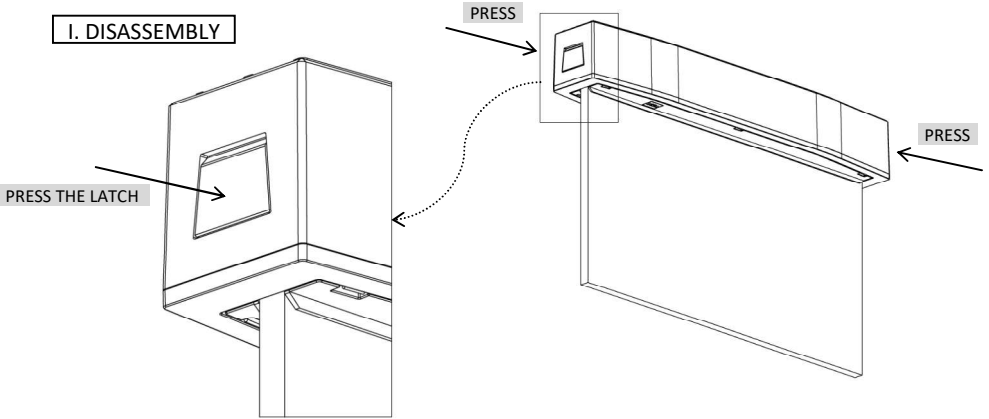
**CT central test version**

This version in a basic make is designed for co-operation with a WELLS wireless central monitoring system. All control possibilities are described in a separate instruction manual dedicated for WELLS system. Signalling ways of all luminaire's states and tests' schedules and results are identical to those described for AT version. Additional states are described below. An "UNBOUND" signal, which means that a luminaire is not (temporarily or permanently) in a communication contact with a control unit:

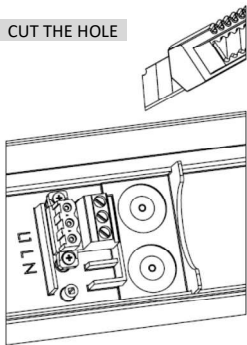
LUMINAIRE WORKING STATE OR ACTION	GREEN LED INDICATION	RED LED INDICATION	COMMENTS
<b>WELLS COMMUNICATION STATES</b>			
„UNBOUND" SIGNAL, 24h AFTER LOSS OF COMMUNIC. WITH A CENTRAL UNIT	FLASHING (6/T2)	FLASHING (6/T2)	SIMULTANEOUS

FLASHING (6/T2) – 6 quick consecutive simultaneous pairs of green LED and red LED flashes, repeated in a 10s period, the sequences interrupt signalling of a basic luminaire's state (according to the table described for AT)

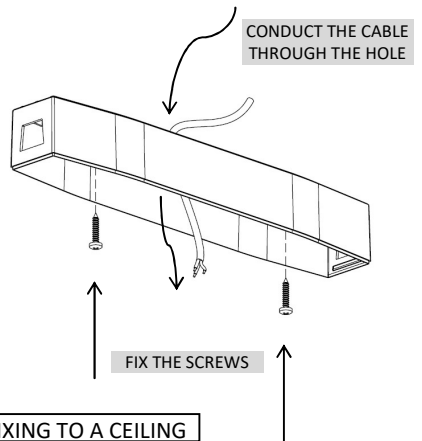
I. DISASSEMBLY



II. MAKING A HOLE FOR A CABLE ENTRY

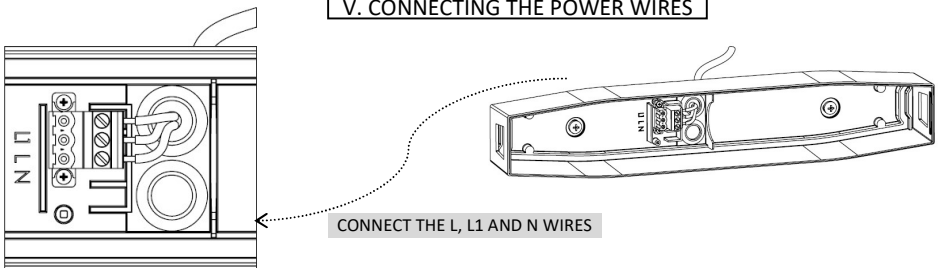


III. PASSING A POWER CABLE

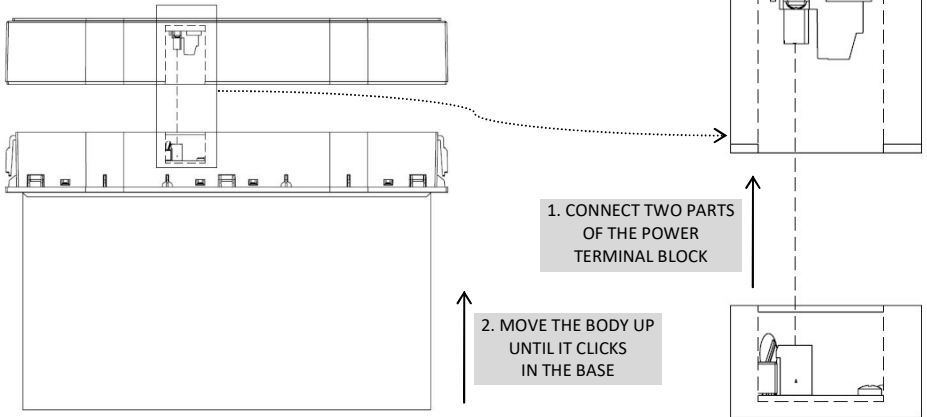


IV. FIXING TO A CEILING

V. CONNECTING THE POWER WIRES



VI. CONNECTING THE LUMINAIRE WITH THE BASE



VII. INSTALLING A RECESSED VERSION

